Organophosphorus compounds (OPC) are a group of chemicals often found in today's consumer and occupational environments. OPC are used in all areas of life, for example as flame retardants, plasticizers, pesticides, and additives in aviation engine oil. This is why OPC are now ubiquitous in the environment, even in remote areas such as the Arctic, high mountains and the deep sea. Some OPC are considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic, thus presenting a hazard to humans and the environment alike.

The omnipresence of OPC poses health concerns for everyone, in consumer as well as occupational settings. OPC deposit on surfaces or accumulate in dust, which then is often trapped on air filters implemented as purifiers in low-energy homes, aircraft or cars. There are thus multiple routes of exposure in the “every-day” environment and high concentrations of OPC have been detected in homes as well as in public buildings, without their health effects having been adequately investigated. The need for research is apparent because of the increasing use and distribution of OPC.

Fraunhofer ITEM provides expertise in the sampling and analysis of OPC in different matrices such as indoor and cabin air, HEPA filters, surface wipes and dust samples. The institute’s portfolio in this context also includes methods for biomonitoring and metabolome analysis.

Fraunhofer Institute for Toxicology and Experimental Medicine ITEM
Department of Analytical Chemistry
Nikolai-Fuchs-Strasse 1
30625 Hannover, Germany

Contact
Dr. Sven Schuchardt
Phone +49 511 5350-218
sven.schuchardt@item.fraunhofer.de
www.item.fraunhofer.de
Our services and expertise

- Organization and performance of sampling campaigns for OPC in/on:
  - Indoor air
  - Cabin air
  - HEPA filters
  - Dust
  - Surfaces

- Established and validated GC-MS-based in-house analytical method(s) for quantification of OPC in various sample matrices, e.g. filter material and polyurethane foam used for air monitoring, HEPA filters, dust, and surface wipes

- OPC covered by the analytical method:
  - Aryl phosphates (e.g. triphenyl phosphate, iPPhP = isopropylated phenyl phosphates)
  - Alkyl phosphates (e.g. all TCP isomers and TBP)
  - Trixylyl phosphate (isomeric mixture)
  - Most of the commonly used flame retardants, plasticizers, and lubricant additives
  - Further OPC on request
  - Non-target screening employing GC-MS and NMR spectroscopy

Your benefits

- Efficient and on-time project work benefiting from standardized processes and the expertise of our experienced team of scientists
- Pooled expertise from different scientific disciplines such as analytical chemistry and toxicology
- Interdisciplinary knowledge exchange between scientists at Fraunhofer ITEM – the key to ongoing development and improvement of existing and new methods